

## SECTION 1. WORLD ECONOMY AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS

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### INFRASTRUCTURE MONITORING NATIONAL ECONOMIES UNDER GLOBAL CHALLENGES

Grounded methodological basis of the monitoring infrastructure of the national economy under globalization. Systematized various approaches to assessing the infrastructure of the national economy, to improve the competitiveness of the national economy under globalization.

Developed infrastructure is important for the effective functioning of the economy as an important factor in determining the location of economic activity and activities or sectors that can develop in each case. Developed infrastructure reduces the effect of distance between regions, ensuring the integration of the national market and low-cost communication with the markets of other countries and regions.

Monitoring indicators is crucial for Ukraine in a high level of globalization, socio-political instability and tension in society, increased dynamic parameters characterizing these processes.

By common definition, indicator - a setting that allows you to measure the deviation of the actual figure of indicative value. The most important indicator - an indicator assessing the degree of achievement of the objectives of the national economy is the appropriate level of infrastructure development. She is the backbone that provides the relationship between independent units at the micro level, thereby supporting a continuous process of

production, the balance between the main sectors and achieving high economic results. Infrastructure divisions contribute to the process of integration and coordination of logistics, technology, maintenances and so on.

We believe that infrastructure is a direct factor in stimulating economic growth, according indicators characterizing the growth in the national economy as a whole or its individual sectors may indirectly characterize the degree of infrastructure development. This conclusion is based on the writings of prominent American economist Simon Kuznets, winner of the Nobel Prize in 1971 for research in the history of economic growth in developed countries.

Infrastructure indicators of the national economy are key indicators that illustrate the level of infrastructural development. On them you can explore the trends and dynamics of the infrastructure. This indicator reflects the change in the level of development of its functional units. Based on indicators can form a system for monitoring infrastructure development both at national and regional level, to allow timely identify existing imbalances. State infrastructure agriscope determined by analysis of the indicators, which provide a comprehensive transformation of perception and their compliance with directions of national agricultural policy and food security.