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HUMAN SETTLEMENTS INTEGRATION IN THE SUSTAINABLE SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT: THEORETICAL AND METHODOLOGICAL RESEARCH PRINCIPLES

The article is devoted to the overview of the theoretical and methodological principles of human settlements integration in the sustainable social development through system approach.

Methodology of human settlements development in regional territorial and economic systems can solve the contradiction between certainty and uncertainty of socio-economic development of Ukraine. The main elements of the methodology of settlements integration in social development are system approach, system analysis, integrated approach, modelling techniques. In the same methodology should include such analysis tools like factor analysis, choice and decision management solutions.

Systematic approach to intra-regional integration problem will allow to combine disparate, partial models of the economy and some partial issues into general economic and political concepts, allowing to see all system connections and relationships in the economy, the whole set of parameters that determine the best possible ways to develop and promote the implementation of the plans.

In terms of transformational component, the integration is an important feature of social and economic stability on system's mesolevel, because integration theory suggests solutions that can be taken as a methodological basis for a theory of sustainable human settlements development, elaboration of social and economic technologies that translate theory into practice. As a universal, cognitive approach, the integration provides scientific justification to non-equilibrium ordering process in economic reality has decisive reasons for structuring economic facilities, opens a new direction in the theory of economic dynamics. Approach in terms of integration allows using effective methods of solving large range of current issues in the optimal management impact on household structure in the framework of changes in the domestic economy.

The integration of primary territorial selfgoverning communities requires further scientifically justified approach to the processes of transformation based on software principles, which form the ground for strengthening the economic base at the local government grassroots level.